#### SRR & CVR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA DEPARTEMENT OF CHEMISTRY

#### Minutes of the meeting of the Board of studies in the subject of Chemistry for III & IV semester

The meeting of the Board of studies in the subject of Chemistry for III( & IV semesters was held of 16th March 2018 in the Department o Chemistry, SRR & CVR Govt. Degree College (A), Vijayawada.

The following members attended the meeting:

1. K.Srinivas

Incharge of the Dept & Chairman, BOS

2. Dr.D.Rama Sekhar |Reddy

University Nominee

3. Dr.Md. Pacha

Subject expert

4.Dr.V.Sambasiva Rao

Subject expert

5. B.V.Ramesh

Subject expert

6. Dr.G. Venkatarao

Faculty Member

7.Dr.V.Neeraja

Faculty Member

8.Dr.G.Nagarjuna

Faculty Member

9. Dr. V. Phani Kumar

Faculty Member

10. K.V.S Prasad

Faculty Member

11. E.V. Swaroop Singh

Faculty Member

#### AGENDA:

Item. 1: Approval of syllabus for Semester III & IV for the academic year 2018-2019

Item 2 :Approval of Question Paper, blue print and model paper

Item 3 :Approval of list of paper setters and examiners

Item 4: Any other item with the approval of the chair

The Chairperson, Board of Studies welcomed the members and initiated discussion on the syllabus for III & IV semesters. He apprised the members of the guidelines of the UGC and the CCE regarding the framing of syllabus and the recommended evaluation ratio for internal and external examinations. The members discussed in detail the various aspects presented before them and unanimously resolved the following:

#### Resolutions:

- Resolved to adopt the present University CBCS syllabus for semester II and IV with the suggested modifications
- Resolved to approve the division of marks for internal and external examinations along with the suggested blue print and model paper
- 3. Resolved to approve the list of paper setters and examiners submitted by the department

Syllabus for CBCS semester III

Question paper blue print for CBCS semester III

Model question paper for CBCS semester III

Syllabus for CBCS semester IV

Question paper blue print for CBCS semester IV

Model question paper for CBCS semester IV

List of paper setters and examiners

Signatures of the members of the BOS:

1. K.Srinivas Incharge of the Dept & Chairman, BOS

University Nominee

3. Dr.Md. Pacha Subject expert

4.Dr.V.Sambasiva Rao Subject expert

2. Dr.D.Rama Sekhar |Reddy

5. B.V, Ramesh Subject expert

6. Dr.G. Venkatarao Faculty Member

7 .Dr.V.Neeraja Faculty Member

8 .Dr.G.Nagarjuna Faculty Member

Dr.V.Phani Kumar Faculty Member

K.V.S Prasad Faculty Member

11.6. V. Swaroop Singh Faculty Member

#### SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS)

#### **VIJAYAWADA**

# Chemistry Syllabus (From 2018-2019) <u>SEMESTER - III</u>

Paper III (INORGANIC & ORGANIC CHEMISTRY)

60 hrs (4 h/w)

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY** 

30 hrs (2h / w)

#### UNIT-I

#### 1. Chemistry of d-block elements:

9h

Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states

#### 2. Theories of bonding in metals:

6h

Metallic properties, Valence bond theory, Free electron theory, Explanation of thermal and electrical conductivity of metals, limitations, Band theory, formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

UNIT - II

3. Metal carbonyls:

71

EAN rule, classification of metal carbonyls, structures and shapes of metal carbonyls of V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni.

4. Chemistry of f-block elements:

SI

Chemistry of lanthanides - electronic structure, oxidation states, lanthanide contraction, consequences of lanthanide contraction, magnetic properties. Chemistry of actinides - electronic configuration, oxidation states, actinide contraction, comparison of lanthanides and actinides.

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY** 

30 h (2h/w)

UNIT - III

1. Halogen compounds

5 h

Nomenclature and classification of alkyl (into primary, secondary, tertiary), aryl, aryl alkyl, allyl, vinyl, benzyl halides.

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Nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reaction- classification intoSN andSN - reaction mechanism with examples - Ethyl chloride, t-butyl chloride and optically active alkyl halide 2-bromobutane.

#### UNIT-IV

Carbonyl compounds

Nomenclature of aliphatic and aromatic carbonyl compounds. Synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones using 1,3-dithianes, synthesis of ketones from nitriles and from carboxylic acids. Physical properties: Reactivity of carbonyl group in aldehydes and ketones.

Nucleophilic addition reaction with a) NaHSO3, b) HCN, c) RMgX, d) NH2OH, e)PhNHNH2, f) 2,4 DNPH, g) Alcohols-formation of hemiacetal and acetal.

Base catalysed reactions: a) Aldol, b) Cannizzaro's reaction, c) Perkin reaction, d) Benzoin condensation, e) Haloform reaction, f) Knoevenagel reaction.

Oxidation of aldehydes-Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones.Reduction: Clemmensen reduction, Wolf-Kishner reduction, MPV reduction, reduction with LiAlH4 and NaBH4. Analysis of aldehydes and ketones with a) 2,4-DNPH test, b) Tollen's test,

c) Fehling test d) Schiff's test e) Haloform test (with equation)

#### **UNIT-V**

1. Carboxylic acids and derivatives 6 h Nomenclatureand classification of carboxylic acids. Methods of preparation by

a) Hydrolysis of nitriles, amides b) Hydrolysis of esters by acids and bases with mechanism c) Carbonation of Grignard reagents. Special methods of preparation of aromatic acids by a) Oxidation of side chain. b) Hydrolysis by benzotrichlorides.

c) Kolbe reaction. Physical properties: Hydrogen bonding, dimeric association, aciditystrength of acids with examples of trimethyl acetic acid and trichloroacetic acid. Chemical properties: Reactions involving H, OH and COOH groups- salt formation, anhydride formation, acid chloride formation, amide formation and esterification (mechanism). Degradation of carboxylic acids by Huns-Diecker decarboxylation by Schimdt reaction, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, halogenation by Hell-Volhard- Zelinsky reaction.

#### 2. Active methylene compounds

4 h

Aceto acetic ester: keto-enol tautomerism, preparation by Claisen condensation, Acid hydrolysis and ketonic hydrolysis. Preparation of a) monocarboxylic acids.

b) Dicarboxylic acids. c) Reaction with urea

Malonic ester: preparation from acetic acid. Synthetic applications: Preparation of

a) monocarboxylic acids (propionic acid and n-butyric acid). b) Dicarboxylic acids (succinic acid and adipic acid) c) α,β-unsaturated carboxylic acids (crotonic acid).

d) Reaction with urea.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry by W.D.Malik, G..D.Tuli, R.D.Madan
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry J E Huheey, E A Keiter and R L Keiter
- 3. A Text Book of Organic Chemistry by Bahl and Arun bahl
- 4. A Text Book of Organic chemistry by I L Finar Vol I
- 5. Organic chemistry by Bruice
- 6. Organic chemistry by Clayden
- 7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry by Gurudeep Raj
- 8. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by Cotton and Wilkinson

9. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D.Lee

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LABORATORY COURSE -III

30 hrs. (2 h/w)

#### Practical Paper-III

## Titrimetric analysis and Organic Functional Group Reactions

(At the end of Semester-III)

#### Titrimetric analysis:

25M

- 1. Determination of Fe (II) using KMnO<sub>4</sub> with oxalic acid as primary standard.
- 2. Determination of Cu(II) using Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> as primary standard.

#### Organic Functional Group Reactions

25M

3. Reactions of the following functional groups present in organic compounds (at least four) Alcohols, Phenols, Aldehydes, Ketones, Carboxylic acids and Amides

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# SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) VIJAYAWADA

# SEMESTER - III

Paper III (INORGANIC & ORGANIC CHEMISTRY)

### Weightage to Content

UNIT NUMBER	NAME OF THE CHAPTER	Essay (10M)	Short (5M)
UNIT-I	Chemistry of d - block elements	1	1
	Theories of bonding in metals	1	1
UNIT-II	Metal Carbonyls	1	1
	Chemistry of f-block elements	1 (	1
UNIT-III	Halogen Compounds	2	2
UNIT-IV	Carbonyl Compounds	2	2
UNIT- V	Carboxylic acid & derivatives	1	1
	Active methylene compounds	1	1

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# S.R.R. & C.V.R. GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA II B. Se CHEMISTRY

# SEMESTER - III

#### SEM END EXAMINATIONS

# Inorganic and Organic Chemistry MODEL PAPER

Time: 3 hrs

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Max. Marks: 60

#### SECTION - A

#### Answer any Five questions form the following.

 $5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Explain the Colour formation of the transition elements
- 2. What is a semi-conductor? What are the different types of semiconductors.
- 3. Write the differences of lanthanides and actinides.
- 4. Explain EAN rule with a suitable example.
- 5. Explain the Classification of Alkyl Halides.
- 6. Allyl halides are more reactive than vinyl halides Explain?
- 7. Explain the mechanism of Haloform Reaction.
- 8. What is 2, 4 DNP? How it is useful in the identification of carbonyl group?
- 9. Explain Hell-Volhard-Zelensky (HVZ) reaction.
- 10. How Melonic Ester is synthesized from acetic acid?

#### SECTION - B

#### Answer ALL questions form the following.

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$ 

11. A) What are transition elements? Explain the general properties with reference to their complex formation, magnetic properties

OR

B) What is meant by metallic bond? Discuss the Molecular Orbital theory of metals.

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12. A) What is meant by lanthanide contraction? Explain the cause and the consequences of lanthanide contraction?

OR

- B) What are metal carbonyls? Explain the classification of metal carbonyls with examples.
- 13. A) Discuss the mechanism and stereochemistry of SN<sup>1</sup> and SN<sup>2</sup> reactions with suitable examples

OR

- B) Write the differences between SN<sup>1</sup> and SN<sup>2</sup> reactions and explain the the energy profile diagrams of SN<sup>1</sup> and SN<sup>2</sup> reactions
- 14. A) Explain the following mechanisms. i) Cannizzaro's reaction ii) Perkin's reaction OR
  - B) Write the mechanism of i) Haloform reaction ii) Benzoin condensation
- 15. A) i) Explain the mechanism of hydrolysis of esters in acid medium with suitable example. ii) Hunsdiecker reaction.

OR

B) Write the mechanism of Claisen Condensation.

How the following compounds are prepared from Aceto acitic ester

i) Methyl isopropyl ketone ii) ) propanoic acid

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#### SEMESTER -IV

# Paper IV (SPECTROSCOPY & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY) 60 hrs (4 h/w)

#### SPECTROSCOPY

30 hrs (2h / w)

UNIT-I

6h

General features of absorption - Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, transmittance, Absorbance, and molar absorptivity. Single and double beam spectrophotometers.

Application of Beer-Lambert law for quantitative analysis of 1. Chromium in  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  2. Manganese in Manganous sulphate

Electronic spectroscopy:

8h

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules and types of molecular spectra. Energy levels of molecular orbitals  $(\sigma, \pi, n)$ . Selection rules for electronic spectra. Types of electronic transitions in molecules effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore and auxochrome.

#### UNIT-II

Infra red spectroscopy

8h

Modes of vibrations in diatomic and polyatomic molecules. Characteristic absorption bands of various functional groups. Interpretation of spectra-Alkanes, Aromatic, Alcohols carbonyls, and amines with one example to each.

Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy (<sup>1</sup>H-NMR)

8h

Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, position of signals. Chemical shift, NMR splitting of signals - spin-spin coupling, coupling constants. Applications of NMR with suitable examples - ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromo ethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acetophenone.

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

30 hrs (2h / w)

UNIT-III

Dilute solutions

10h

Colligative properties. Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, its relation to molecular weight of non-volatile solute. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point. Derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods of determination. Osmosis, osmotic pressure, experimental determination. Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile solute from osmotic pressure.

Abnormal Colligative properties- Van't Hoff factor.

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#### **UNIT-IV**

Electrochemistry-I

10h

Specific conductance, equivalent conductance. Variation of equivalent conductance with dilution. Migration of ions, Kohlrausch's law. Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations. Ostwald's dilution law. Debye-Huckel-Onsagar's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Definition of transport number, determination by Hittorfs method. Application of conductivity measurements- conductometric titrations.

#### **UNIT-V**

1. Electrochemistry-II

Single electrode potential, sign convention, Reversible and irreversible cells Nernst Equation- Reference electrode, Standard Hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, metal - metal ion electrode, Inert electrode, Determination of EMF of cell, Applications of EMF measurements - Potentiometric titrations.

2.Phase rule

Concept of phase, components, degrees of freedom. Thermodynamic Derivation of Gibbs phase rule. Phase equilibrium of one component system - water system. Phase equilibrium of two- component system, solid-liquid equilibrium. Simple eutectic diagram of Pb-Ag system, simple eutectic diagram, desilverisation of lead., NaCl-Water system, Freezing mixtures.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. Spectroscopy by William Kemp
- 2. Spectroscopy by Pavia
- 3. Organic Spectroscopy by J. R. Dyer.
- 4. Modern Electrochemistry by J.O. M. Bockris and A.K.N.Reddy
- 5. Advanced Physical Chemistry by Atkins
- 6.Introduction to Electrochemistry by S. Glasstone
- 7. Elementary organic spectroscopy by Y.R. Sharma

8. Spectroscopy by P.S.Kalsi

## LABORATORY COURSE - IV

#### Practical Paper – IV

# Physical Chemisry and IR Spectral Analysis

(at the end of semester IV)

30 hrs (2 h / W)

Physical Chemistry

25M

- 1.Critical Solution Temperature- Phenol-Water system
- 2.Determination of concentration of HCl conductometrically using standard NaOH solution.
- 3.Determination of concentration of acetic acid conductometrically using standard NaOH Solution.
- 4. Determination of concentration of acetic acid conductometrically using standard NaOH Solution.

IR Spectral Analysis

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- 4.IR Spectral Analysis of the following functional groups with examples
  - a) Hydroxyl groups
  - b) Carbonyl groups
  - c) Amino groups

d) Aromatic groups

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# SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (Autonomous) VIJAYAWADA

# Weightage to content

(Spectroscopy and Physical Chemistry)

## II Year - IV Semister

UNIT NUMBER UNIT-1	NAME OF THE CHAPTER	Essay (10M)	Short (5M)
UNII-I	Spectroscopy General features	1	, 1
1000	Electronic Spectroscopy	1	1
UNIT- II	Infrared Spectroscopy	1	1
UNIT- III	Proton Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy	1	1
UNIT- IV	Dilute solutions	2	2
UNIT-V	Electrochemistry -I	2	2 🔉
	Electrochemistry - II  Phase rule	1	1

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## S.R.R. & C.V.R. GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA II B. Sc CHEMISTRY

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### SEM END EXAMINATIONS

#### Spectroscopy and Physical Chemistry MODEL PAPER

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 60

#### SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following Short Answer Questions.

 $5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Explain Absorbance and Molar Absorptivity.
- 2. Write briefly about Chromophore and Auxochrome with examples.
- 3. Write about Finger Print Region in IR Spectroscopy.
- 4. What is shielding and de-shielding in NMR Spectroscopy.
- 5. Write about Abnormal Colligative properties.
- 6. What are Collegative properties and Define Roult's Law.
- 7. Write Kohlarusch law and give any one of its application.
- 8. Explain Ostwald Dilution Law.
- 9. Write about Hydrogen Electrode.
- 10. Explain about freezing mixtures.

#### SECTION - B

Answer all FIVE Questions.

 $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks}$ 

11. A) Explain Beer-Lambert Law. How do you estimate the amount of Chromium in Potassium Dichromate Spectrophotometrically.

OR

B) Explain different types of Electronic Transitions in U.V. Spectroscopy.

12. A) Write the Principle of IR Spectroscopy and explain different types modes of Vibrations in a molecule.

OR

B) Discuss the Principle involved in the NM Spectroscopy and explain the NMR Sectrums of Ethyl alcohol and Acetophenone.

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13. A) What is meant by Elevation in Boiling Point? Derivee the relationship between Elevation in Boiling Point and the Molecular Weight of the Solute.

OR

- B) What is Osmotic Pressure? Describe one method of determination of Osmotic Pressure of a dilute solution.
- 14. A) Discuss the theory of Strong Electrolytes. And explain the Debye-Huckel and onsagar's equation

OR

- B) Explain different types of Conductometric titrations.
- 15. A) Explain different types of Potentiometric Titrations

OR

B) What is Phase Rule. Explain Phase equilibrium of Water system.

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